## OVERALL EQUIPMENT EFFECTIVENESS (OEE) SHORT DEFINITIONS / DESCRIPTION

- 1. Measures loss of time and materials. Actual production relative to capacity.
- 2. A score measuring the proportion of available time that is truly productive a. 100% indicates producing ideal output with no waste of time or materials
- 3. Three (3) main loss factors are commonly used to determine the score: **Q**uality, **A**vailability, **P**erformance
  - i. Q: Proportion of good product relative to total production
  - ii. A: Run time as a proportion of budgeted operating time.
  - iii. P: Actual output as a proportion of capacity
- 4. Benchmarks: What is a good score? It varies but a good start is:
  - a. 85% Superior
  - b. 60% Average, there is room for improvement
  - c. 40% Poor, there are many opportunities for improvement

## CAN YOUR PLANT BENEFIT FROM AN OOE EVALUATION FOR ACTION?

- 1. Are manufacturing dollars effectively absorbed by products produced? Is the cost of products affected by absorbance of unnecessary costs?
  - a. Is the dollar cost of ineffectiveness know?
  - b. Is the profit potential of productivity improvements known?
- 2. Is the plant's usage of budgeted manufacturing time adequate?
- 3. Are machines running most of the time and delivering expected output?
- 4. Is WIP (work in process) material waste at budgeted levels?
  - a. Is the budget waste the minimal indispensable?
- 5. Are there zero customer returns and sales adjustments and discounts?
- 6. Are there repeatedly consistent explanations for lack of goal achievement?